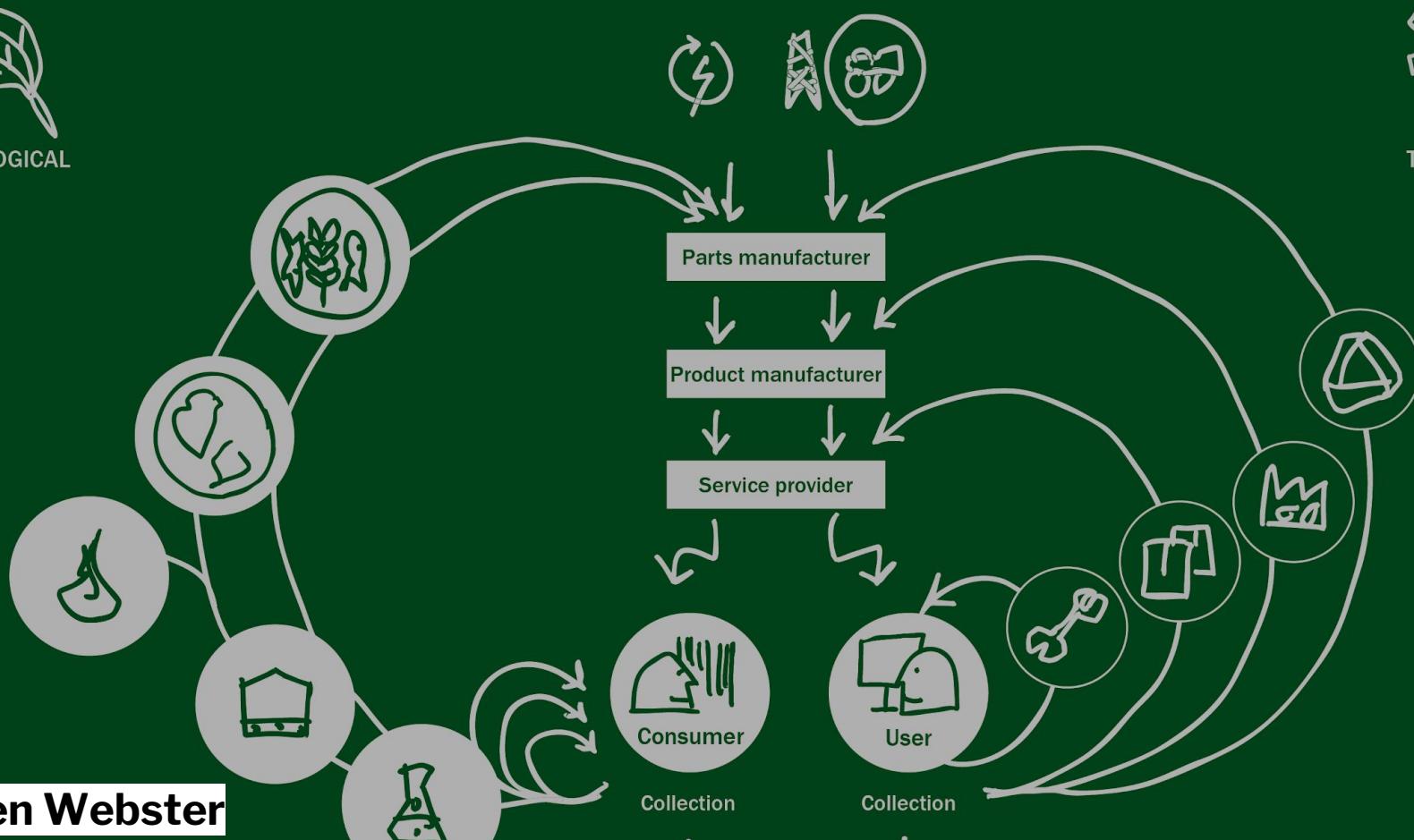




BIOLOGICAL



TECHNICAL



Ken Webster

Santiago de Chile - Noviembre, 2018

The circular economy helps answer the question ‘How to produce?’

A circular economy: where to find value (\$) by

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‘slowing the flow’

(extended product life/products to services)

‘narrowing the resource flow’

(resource efficiency/simplified palette)

La economía circular ayuda a responder la pregunta ‘¿Cómo producir?’

En dónde encontrar valor en una economía circular:

‘Cerrar bucles (*loops*)’

(reciclaje / recuperación)

‘Desaceleración del flujo’

(extender la vida útil del producto/ofrecer servicios en lugar de productos)

‘Reducción del flujo de recursos’

(eficiencia de los recursos/paleta simplificada)

What is driving the change?

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Maybe digital has made a big difference?

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innovación digital → nuevos modelos de negocio → cambios de diseño

Examples

Digital makes extended product life and ‘access over ownership’ easier.

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Digital can track, monitor the status and utilisation of objects.

Lo digital hace que la vida útil del producto sea más prolongada y el ‘acceso sobre la propiedad’ sea más fácil.

(Product life & access over ownership)

Lo digital puede ‘desintermediar’ conectando al productor/propietario con el cliente/usuario.

(Disintermediation & connection)

Lo digital puede rastrear, monitorear el estado y la utilización de objetos.

(Track, monitor, utilisation)

Case Study Examples: www.ellenmacarthurfoundation.org



Huadu Worldwide Transmission 广东花都
Scaling up remanufacturing



Mobike 摩拜单车
Bike sharing with Chinese characteristics



Ycloset 衣二三
A wardrobe in the cloud



Winnow
Data-backed stories that drive change



The City of Phoenix Clean Palm Program
Valorising a costly waste stream



Gerrard Street
A more circular music experience



Fat Lama
Borrow stuff you need. Lend stuff you don't.



Replenish
Customisable packaging platform for liquid concentrates

A circular economy can also mean cascading materials, using more renewables and circulating value locally and regionally.

Featured Materials



Agar bioplastic - simmered

Gelatin bioplastic

Coffee / agar - alginate

Mussel shell - sucrose composite

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Making ‘waste = food’ so ‘feeding the forest not just the trees’.



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Using what is available adding value – multiple cashflows and multiple benefits.



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Making ‘waste = food’ so ‘feeding the forest not just the trees’.

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It takes insights from living systems not engineering ‘pipework’ where aim is to stop leaks/losses. Nature says ‘be generous’.

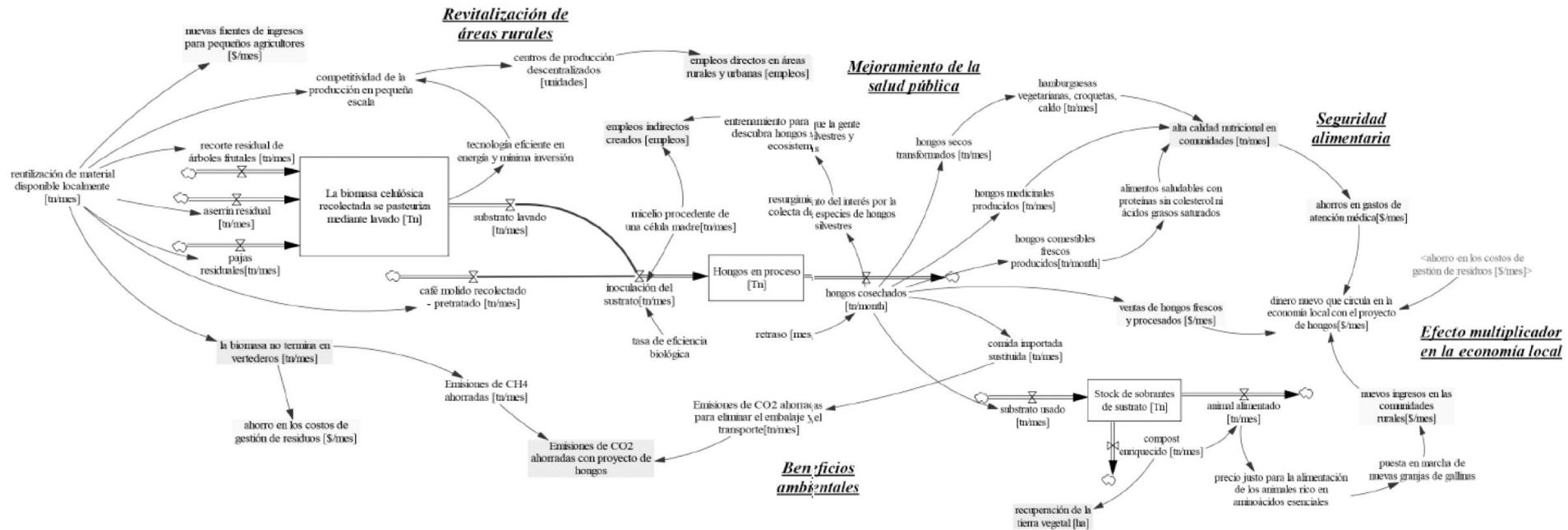
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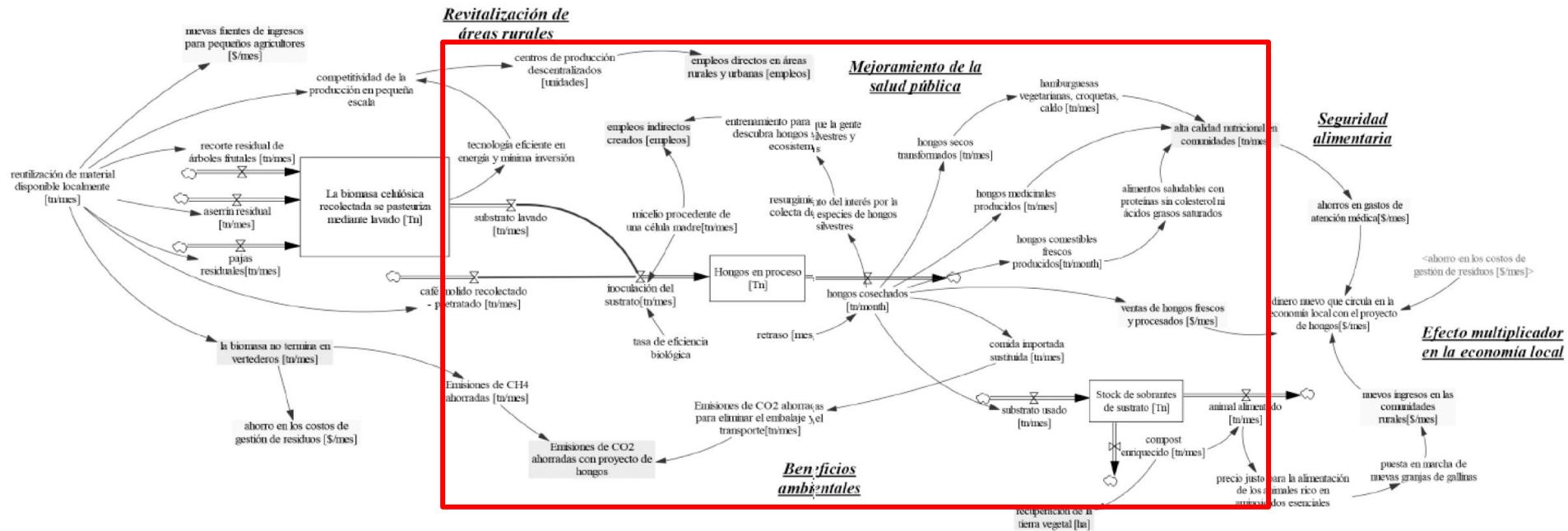
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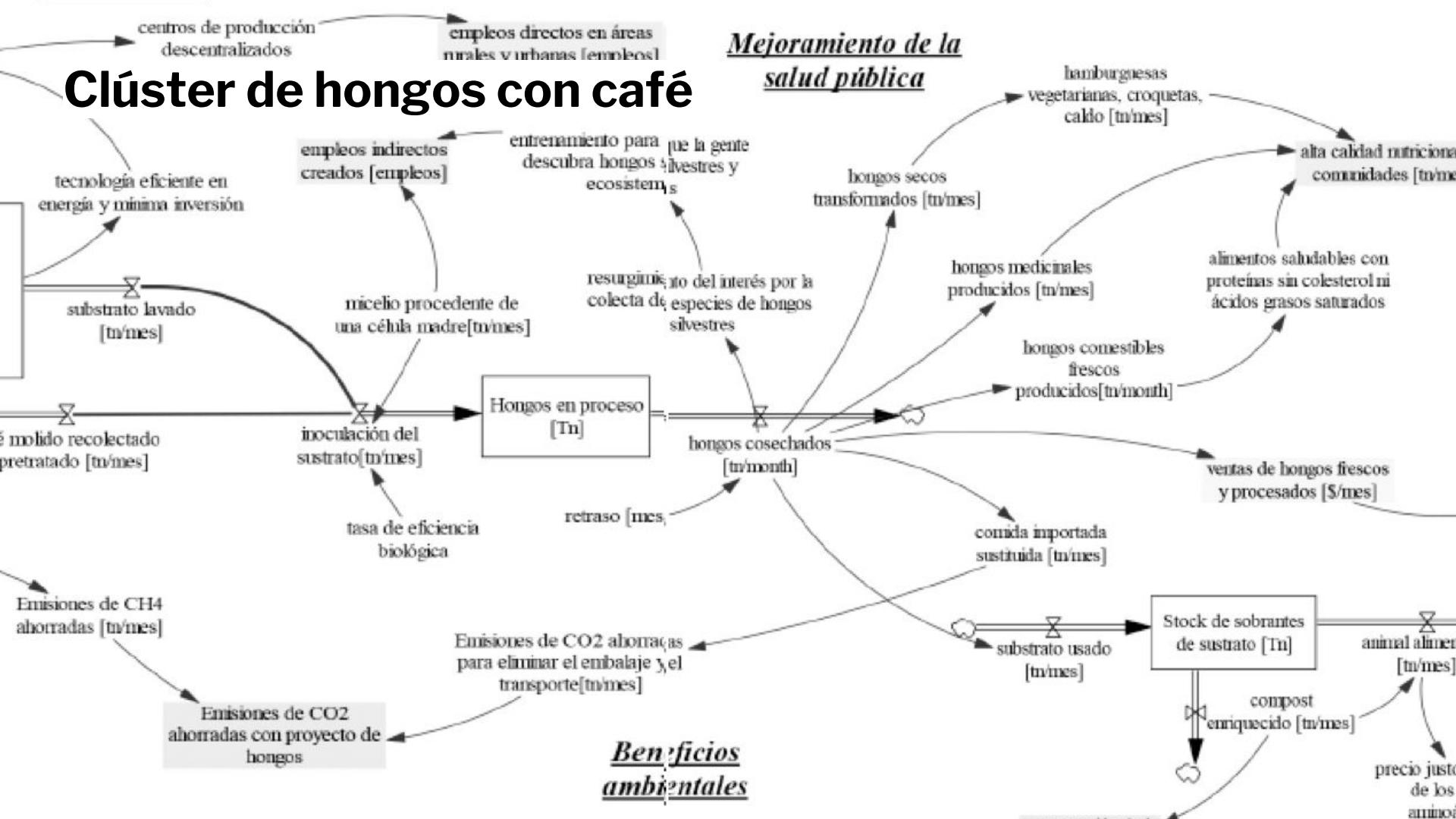
Clúster de hongos con café



Clúster de hongos con café

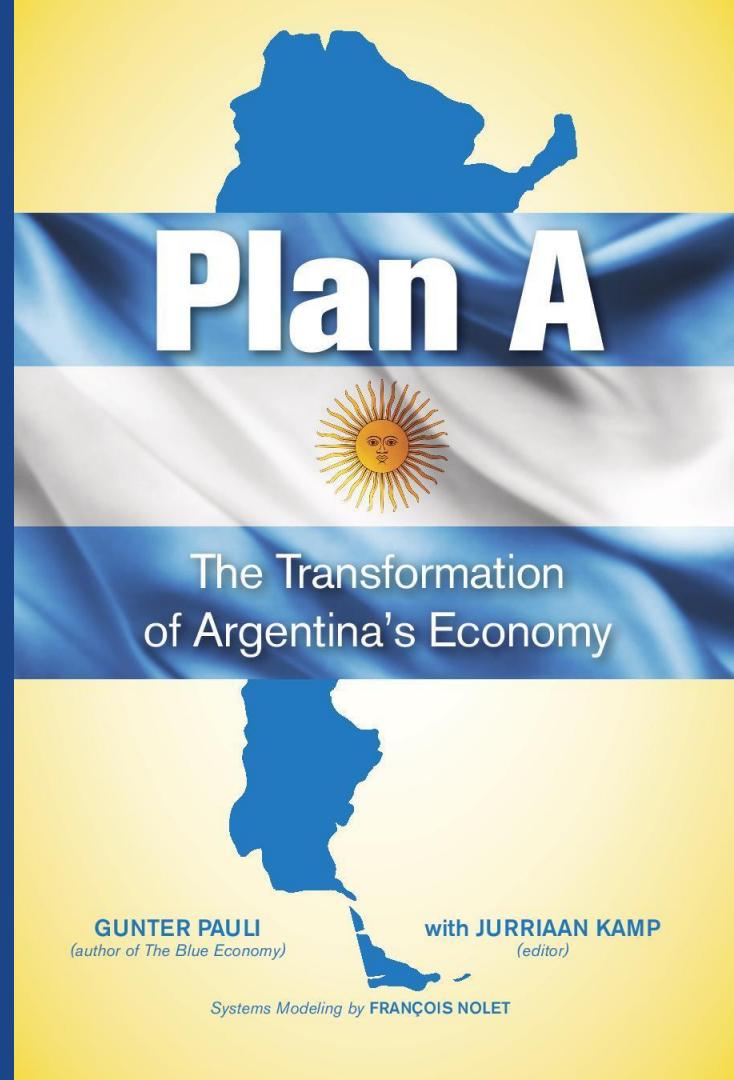


Clúster de hongos con café



Plan “A” para Argentina

(Gunter Pauli)



Plan “A” para Argentina

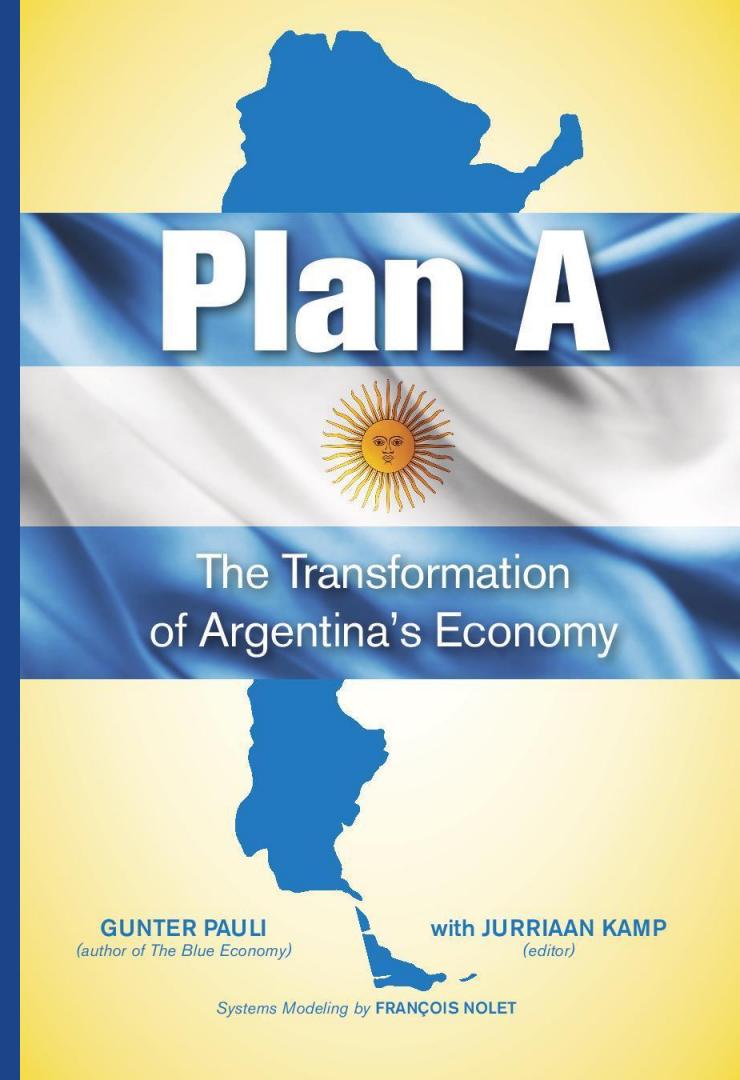
El modelo de crecimiento de dos dígitos:

(1) responder a las necesidades básicas.

(2) Con productos y servicios locales.

(3) hacer circular el efectivo en la economía local.

(Gunter Pauli)



Conclusion: Which circular economy do we want?

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Closed loops?

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Economies of scale?

or

Economies of scope?

Conclusión: ¿Qué economía circular queremos?

¿Bucles cerrados?

o

¿Bucles abiertos?

¿Capturar el valor?

o

¿Circular el valor?

¿Bajar los costos de
acceso y propiedad?

o

¿Aregar valor con lo
que tenemos?

¿Economías de escala?

o

¿Economías de gama?

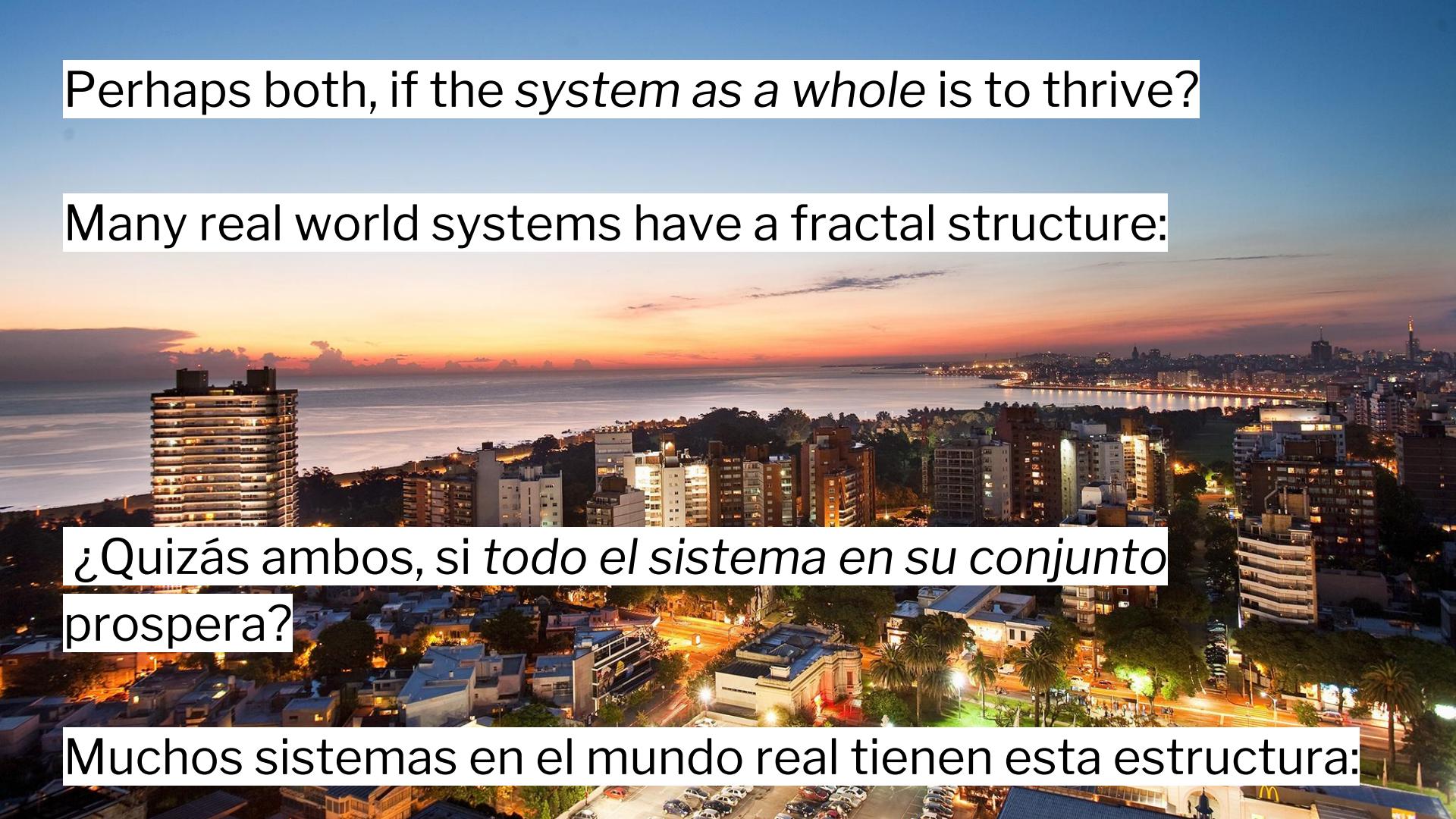
Perhaps both if the *system* as a *whole* is to thrive?

Many real world systems have this fractal structure:



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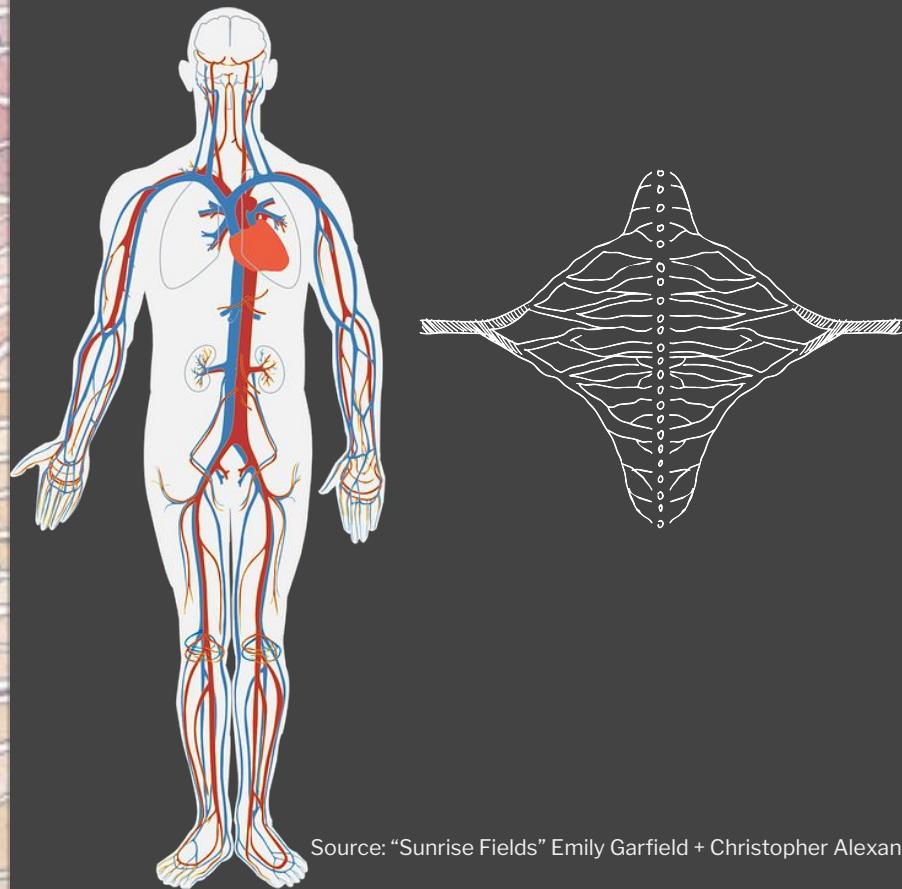


¿Quizás ambos, si *todo el sistema en su conjunto* prospera?

Muchos sistemas en el mundo real tienen esta estructura:



“Fractals are infinitely self-similar, iterated, and detailed mathematical constructs...”



Source: “Sunrise Fields” Emily Garfield + Christopher Alexander

Summary of thinking

A circular economy is thinking about effective not just efficient systems

A circular economy is a ‘stock maintenance’ concept [Walter Stahel]

i.e. Stocks, flows and feedback all matter

A circular economy is ‘regenerative and distributive by design’ [Kate Raworth]

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A circular economy is a 'stock maintenance' concept [Walter Stahel]

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A circular economy is 'regenerative and distributive by design' [Kate Raworth]

Una economía circular piensa en sistemas eficaces (effective), no sólo eficientes (efficient).

Una economía circular es un concepto de 'mantenimiento de stock' [Walter Stahel]

Stocks, flujos (flows) y retroalimentación (feedback) todo importa.

Una economía circular es 'regenerativa y distributiva por diseño' [Kate Raworth]

Acknowledgements

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Analaura Antúnez Latorre
2018



PANDA.UY

Bambú en Acción

Translated by:

Karen Insignares

Look out for:

Ken Webster's - *The Circular Economy: A Wealth of Flows*

Gunter Pauli - *The Blue Economy*

Kate Raworth - *Doughnut Economics*

Education: 4:30 Time For A Circular Economy

